

<b>STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM</b>		
Name of the module/subject <b>Quality Management and Experimental Software Eng.</b>		Code <b>1010512321010517900</b>
Field of study <b>Computing</b>	Profile of study (general academic, practical) <b>general academic</b>	Year /Semester <b>1 / 2</b>
Elective path/specialty <b>Software Engineering</b>	Subject offered in: <b>English</b>	Course (compulsory, elective) <b>obligatory</b>
Cycle of study: <b>Second-cycle studies</b>	Form of study (full-time, part-time) <b>full-time</b>	
No. of hours Lecture: - Classes: <b>30</b> Laboratory: - Project/seminars: <b>30</b>		No. of credits <b>4</b>
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) <b>major</b>		(university-wide, from another field) <b>from field</b>
Education areas and fields of science and art <b>technical sciences</b> <b>Technical sciences</b>		ECTS distribution (number and %) <b>4 100%</b> <b>4 100%</b>
<b>Responsible for subject / lecturer:</b> dr inż. Mirosław Ochodek email: Mirosław.Ochodek@cs.put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665 2944 Wydział Informatyki ul. Piotrowo 3, 60-965 Poznań		<b>Responsible for subject / lecturer:</b> mgr inż. Sylwia Kopczyńska email: Sylwia.Kopczynska@cs.put.poznan.pl tel. 61 665 2944 Wydział Informatyki ul. Piotrowo 3, 60-965 Poznań
<b>Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:</b>		
1	<b>Knowledge</b>	Student shall have a general knowledge regarding software engineering and math.
2	<b>Skills</b>	Student shall have necessary skills to formulate and test simple statistical hypotheses, skills necessary to prepare a short scientific report, and skills necessary to acquire information from given sources of information.
3	<b>Social competencies</b>	Student shall understand necessity of continuous development of skills and show attitudes as honesty, responsibility, perseverance, curiosity, creativity, manners, and respect for other people.
<b>Assumptions and objectives of the course:</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Provide knowledge regarding experimental software engineering, especially related to empirical research methods and their theoretical foundations,</li> <li>- Provide knowledge regarding quality management, especially related to quality management systems, assessment of processes maturity and their continuous improvement,</li> <li>- Develop students? skills in solving problems related to evaluation of methods, tools, and phenomena in software engineering using empirical methods,</li> <li>- Develop students? skills in solving problems related to evaluation and improvement of software development processes within an organization.</li> </ul>		
<b>Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study</b>		
<b>Knowledge:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. has advanced and deep knowledge concerning applying experimental methods in software engineering - [K2st_W1]</li> <li>2. has advanced and deep knowledge concerning software measurement (GQM+Strategies, measurement scales, types of measures) - [K2st_W1]</li> <li>3. has organized and well-formed theoretical general knowledge regarding lean management and its application to software development - [K2st_W2]</li> <li>4. has organized and well-formed theoretical, general knowledge regarding maturity of software development processes (CMMI) - [K2st_W2]</li> <li>5. has advanced and detailed knowledge regarding reviews and inspections - [K2st_W3]</li> <li>6. has general knowledge regarding quality assurance at the organization level (e.g. ISO 9001, TQM, ITIL) - [K2st_W8]</li> </ol>		
<b>Skills:</b>		

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. is able to acquire knowledge from the literature, also by performing a systematic literature review - [K2st_U1]</li> <li>2. is able to plan and conduct experiments and interpret and discuss their results - [K2st_U3]</li> <li>3. is able to select an appropriate empirical research method to formulate research problem / research question (e.g., experiment, case study, survey, meta-analysis) - [K2st_U4]</li> <li>4. is able to integrate knowledge from computer science and statistics to analyze data from a software development project - [K2st_U5]</li> <li>5. is able to critically evaluate the results of empirical studies in the area of software engineering (e.g., evaluate threats to validity) - [K2st_U6]</li> <li>6. is able to experimentally evaluate the usefulness of recent tools and methods, an software products - [K2st_U9]</li> <li>7. is able to use programming language (e.g. R) and software libraries dedicated to data analysis - [K2st_U10]</li> <li>8. is able to apply systematic literature review to find related works for further exploration - [K2st_U16]</li> </ol>
<p><b>Social competencies:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. understands the importance and need of conducting empirical research to develop and evaluate methods and tools supporting software development - [K2st_K2]</li> <li>2. understands the necessity of being honest while describing the results of scientific research - [K2st_K3]</li> <li>3. is aware of the importance of ethical fairness while conducting empirical research (e.g., how to handle sensitive data). - [K2st_K4]</li> </ol>

<b>Assessment methods of study outcomes</b>
<p>Formative assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- based on the answers provided by students during the seminars,</li> <li>- based on the regular assessment of the current status of research projects.</li> </ul> <p>Summative assessment:</p> <p>Performed based on two criteria (the weighted average percentage points):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- conducting a research project and presentation of its results during the seminar (0-100%, weight 0.5)</li> <li>- knowledge test covering experimental software engineering and quality management (0-100%, weight 0.5)</li> </ul> <p>The final grade is determined using the following scale:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- (90%, 100%) ? 5.0</li> <li>- (80%, 90%) ? 4.5</li> <li>- (70%, 80%) ? 4.0</li> <li>- (60%, 70%) ? 3.5</li> <li>- (50%, 60%) ? 3.0</li> <li>- (0%, 50%) ? 2.0</li> </ul>
<b>Course description</b>
<p>The course includes seminars and project classes.</p> <p>During the seminars students learn and discuss about quality management and experimental engineering. A part of the seminar classes has a form of showcase or individual tasks that are performed by students. The following topics are covered in details:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>? Quality Management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o quality management (definition of quality, importance of quality, cost of quality),</li> <li>o continuous improvement paradigm (Plan-Do-Check-Act, TQM),</li> <li>o quality management systems and ISO 9000 (definition of quality management system, the structure of ISO 9001, the quality management principles in ISO 9001),</li> <li>o assessment of processes maturity based on CMMI and SCAMPI,</li> <li>o good practices of service management with ITIL,</li> <li>o Reviews and inspections (definition of review and inspection, inspection and review processes and their results).</li> </ul> </li> <li>? Experimental software engineering <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o empirical research in software engineering (the role of empirical research in evaluation of tools and methods used in software engineering; relationships between observations, laws, and theories; formulating hypotheses and research questions; quantitative and qualitative methods),</li> <li>o measurement scales (definition and properties of nominal, ordinal, interval, and ratio scales; types of measurement errors),</li> <li>o controlled experiments (the goals of controlled experiments; experiment definition; context selection; formulating experiment hypotheses; variables selection: dependent and independent variables; sampling; experiment assumptions; data collection; data validation with the use of statistical methods; data visualization and analysis of probability distributions; testing hypotheses with statistical tests; power analysis; software tools supporting the analysis of the experiment data; interpretation and analysis of the results; classification of threats to validity),</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o case studies (goals of cases studies; planning a case study; data and evidence collection; analysis of the data collecting within case study; reporting the results of case study),</li> <li>o meta-analysis (the goals of meta-analysis; systematic literature reviews; planning and preparation of the review protocol; performing a review; documenting results of review),</li> <li>o surveys (goals of surveys; types of surveys; preparing surveys; evaluating a survey instrument; the analysis of survey results),</li> </ul> <p>During the project classes? student is running a research project that has to employ at least one of the following empirical methods: controlled experiment, case study, survey, or meta-analysis. The goal of each project is to find an answer to a given research question. The results of the project are described in a report and they presented during the seminars.</p>		
<p><b>Basic bibliography:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. C. Wohlin, P. Runeson, M. Host, M. Ohlsson, B. Regnell, and A. Wesslen: Experimentation in Software Engineering: An Introduction, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2000.</li> <li>2. Gordon G. Schulmeyer: Handbook of Software Quality Assurance, ISBN-13: 978-1596931862, Artech House Publishers, 2007.</li> </ol>		
<p><b>Additional bibliography:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ochodek, Miroslaw, et al. Improving the reliability of transaction identification in use cases. Information and Software Technology 53.8 (2011): 885-897.</li> <li>2. Ochodek, Miroslaw, and Sylwia Kopczyńska. Perceived importance of agile requirements engineering practices?A survey. Journal of Systems and Software 143 (2018): 29-43.</li> </ol>		
<p><b>Result of average student's workload</b></p>		
<p><b>Activity</b></p>	<p><b>Time (working hours)</b></p>	
1. participating in project classes and seminars	60	
2. preparing assumptions of research project, its execution, preparation of the report, and presentation of the results	15	
3. preparing to the knowledge test	10	
4. studying literature / learning aids	15	
<p><b>Student's workload</b></p>		
<p><b>Source of workload</b></p>	<p><b>hours</b></p>	<p><b>ECTS</b></p>
Total workload	100	4
Contact hours	60	2
Practical activities	75	3